

# A system to optimize forage crop variety trials for regionalized Recommended Lists in Germany



# A system to optimize forage crop variety trials.....

## ⇒ regulatory framework

- **Federal talks on governmental field trials by the Ministers for Agriculture Oct. 7th 2004 at castle Warberg resulting in:**
  
- **„Trilaterale Vereinbarung“ (26.06.2007)  
trilateral agreement among**
  - ⇒ **the responsible institutions in the federal states (LDS) and**
  - ⇒ **the governmental institution (BSA) for variety-trials and**
  - ⇒ **the German Plant Breeders' Association (BDP)**
  
- **„Bilateraler Vertrag“ (27.09.2006)  
bilateral treaty between LDS-BSA**

# A system to optimize forage crop variety trials.....

⇒ **General principles for all crops** (really new)

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- **Splitting up Germany into crop specific areas** and collaboration of federal states, which are part of these areas, with the objective of a better local analysis of the combined data basis.
- **new statistical methods und consistent software** are collectively implemented (“Hohenheim-Gülzower Serienauswertung”; PIAF [SAS])
- **Organized supplementation of the data base of regional post-registration (state) variety trials (LSV), with the national VCU-trials (WP).**

# A system to optimize forage crop variety trials.....

⇒ **General principles for all crops** (just codified)

- **Common rules for a systematic variety-transfer** from VCU-trials to trials for local recommendation (LSV)
- **Combined trials:**  
Integration of LSV and WP (if possible ⇐ size!).
- **Reduction costs of field trials performed by federal states to the minimum necessary for advice to the local farmers**  
– considering arrangements at federal level between the responsible institutions in the federal states and the governmental institution (BSA “Bundessortenamt”).



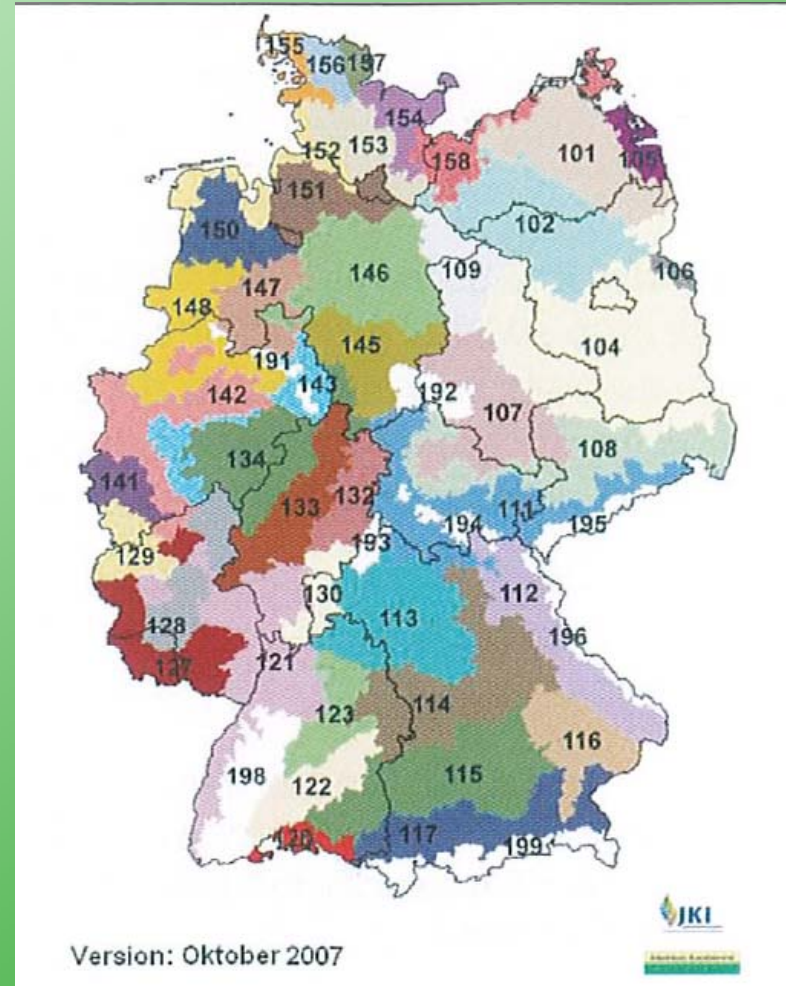
# A system to optimize forage crop variety trials.....

## ⇒ General principles for all crops

First Splitting up Germany into crop unspecific areas defined by soil and climate characteristics

(german: “Boden-Klima-Raum”)

- **published 2009** by Graf, R., Michel, V., Roßberg, D. and Neukampf R. in Journal für Kulturpflanzen, 61 (7). S247-253, ISSN 0027-7479 Verlag Eugen Ulmer KG, Stuttgart



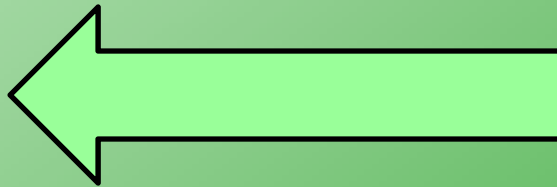
# A system to optimize forage crop variety trials.....

⇒ **General principles for all crops** ⇒ **specific adapted**

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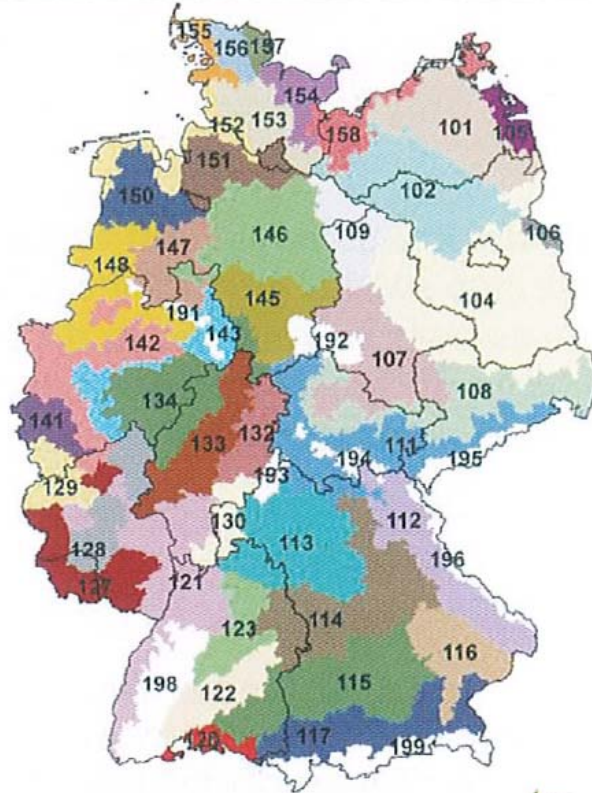
Then building up Germany into crop specific areas (“producing areas”) by merging the unspecific areas

- one map for each cereal
- 7 maps for Oil and protein crops (winter rape, sunflower, field peas, faba beans, soja beans, blue lupin and flax)
- maize
- potatoes
- grassland



# Crop specific implementation for Grassland - “producing areas” -

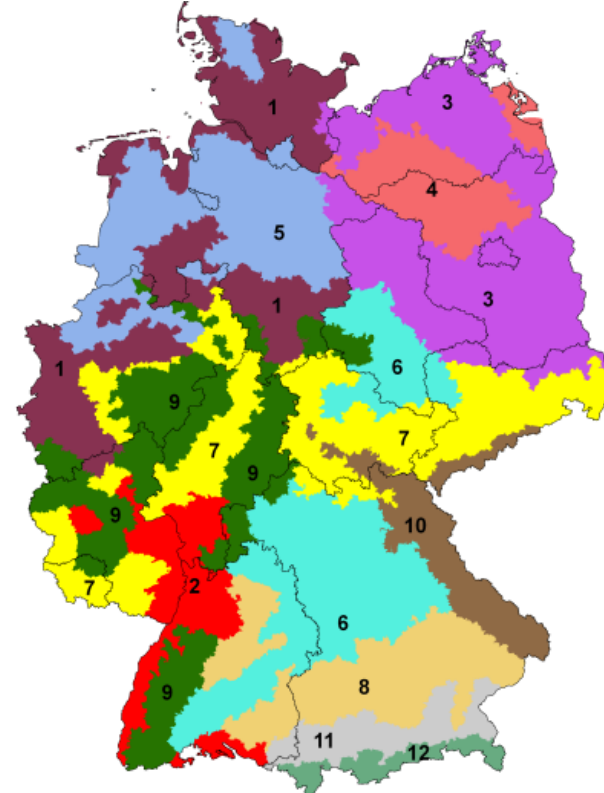
44 – (47) „soil-climate-areas“



Version: Oktober 2007



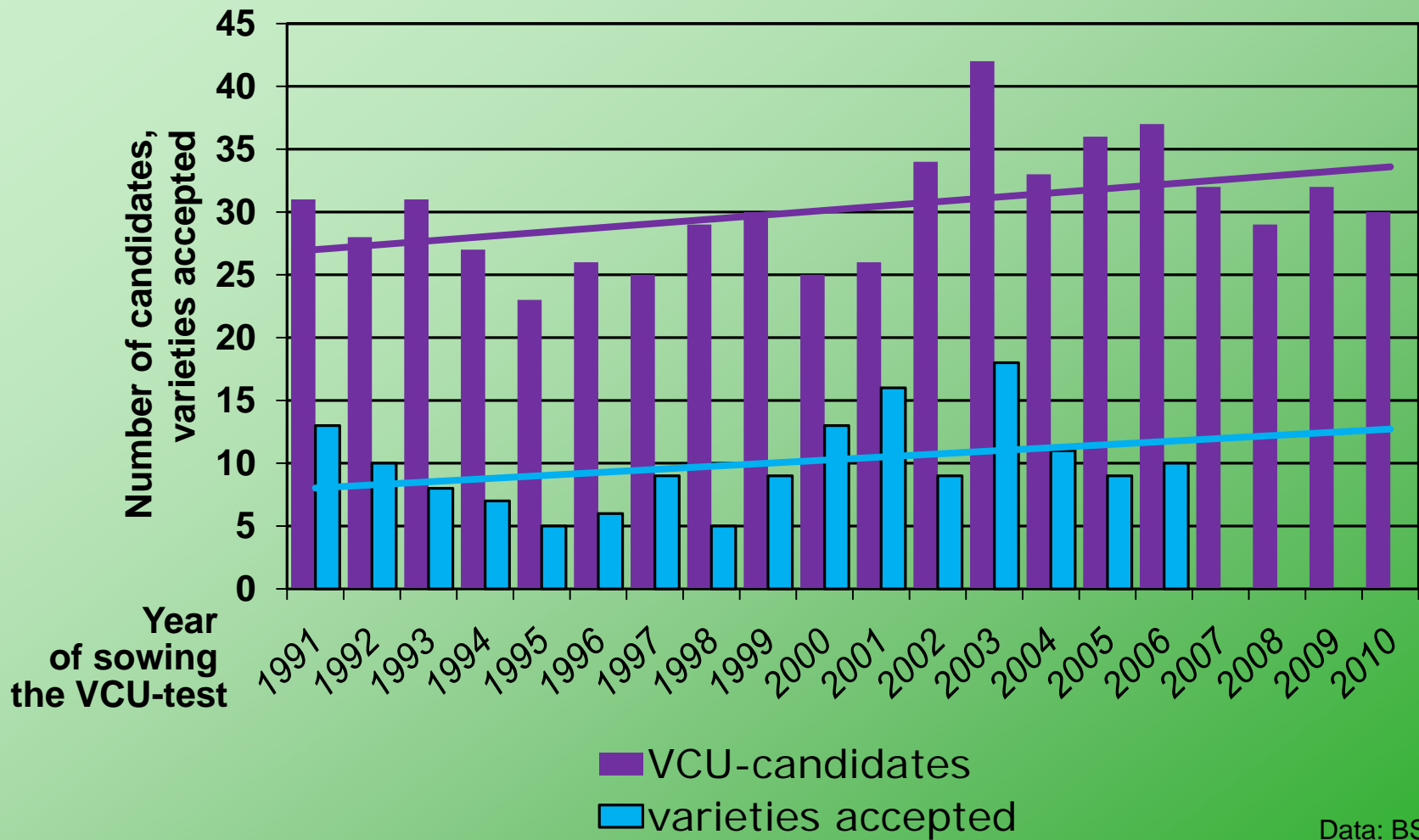
12 (15) „producing areas“



Version: August 2008

Folgende Grünlandanbaugesellschaften konnten in dieser Karte nicht dargestellt werden:  
 - Niederungsstandorte NO-Deutschland; überwiegend Moore (BKR 103)  
 - Moore NW-Deutschland (BKR 160)  
 - regionale sommertrockene Grünlandstandorte

# Crop specific implementation for Grassland - Optimizing costs to the core mandate -



Data: BSA



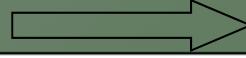
# Crop specific implementation for Grassland - Optimizing costs to the core mandate -

best by  
dry matter yield



New varieties checked at  
all sites

best by  
resistance“



(tested with high intensity)

put in the set of  
governmental advice

**Details of this aspect are published in:**

**Hartmann, S. and Hochberg, H., (2007)**

**A new system of forage crop variety trials in Germany;**

***Proceedings of the International Symposium '***

***Agricultural Field Trials – Today and Tomorrow'***

**October 8th to 10th, 2007,**

**Stuttgart, Germany,**

**ISBN 978-3-86186-541-4, 52-55**

presetting BSA\*

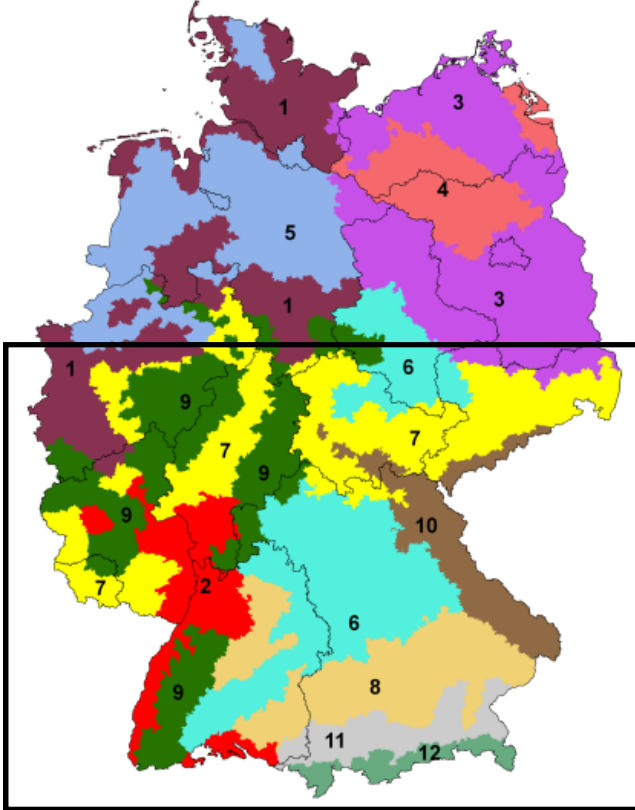


Standard-varieties

\* by an arrangement with the LDS; partly varieties in the set of governmental advice

# Crop specific implementation for Grassland - “producing areas” -

Anbaubereiche Grünland/Futterpflanzen



- Better sites, northwest
- Better sites. Southwest
- Lowlands, northeast (incl. )
- Sandy soils, northeast, drought
- Sandy soils, northwest, drought
- Sites with drought in summer
- Uplands in the middle of germany
- Uplands in southern of germany
- Mountain region of west germany
- Mountain region of east germany
- Prealpine region
- Alps

state group  
“middle-south”  
(producing areas 7 to 12)

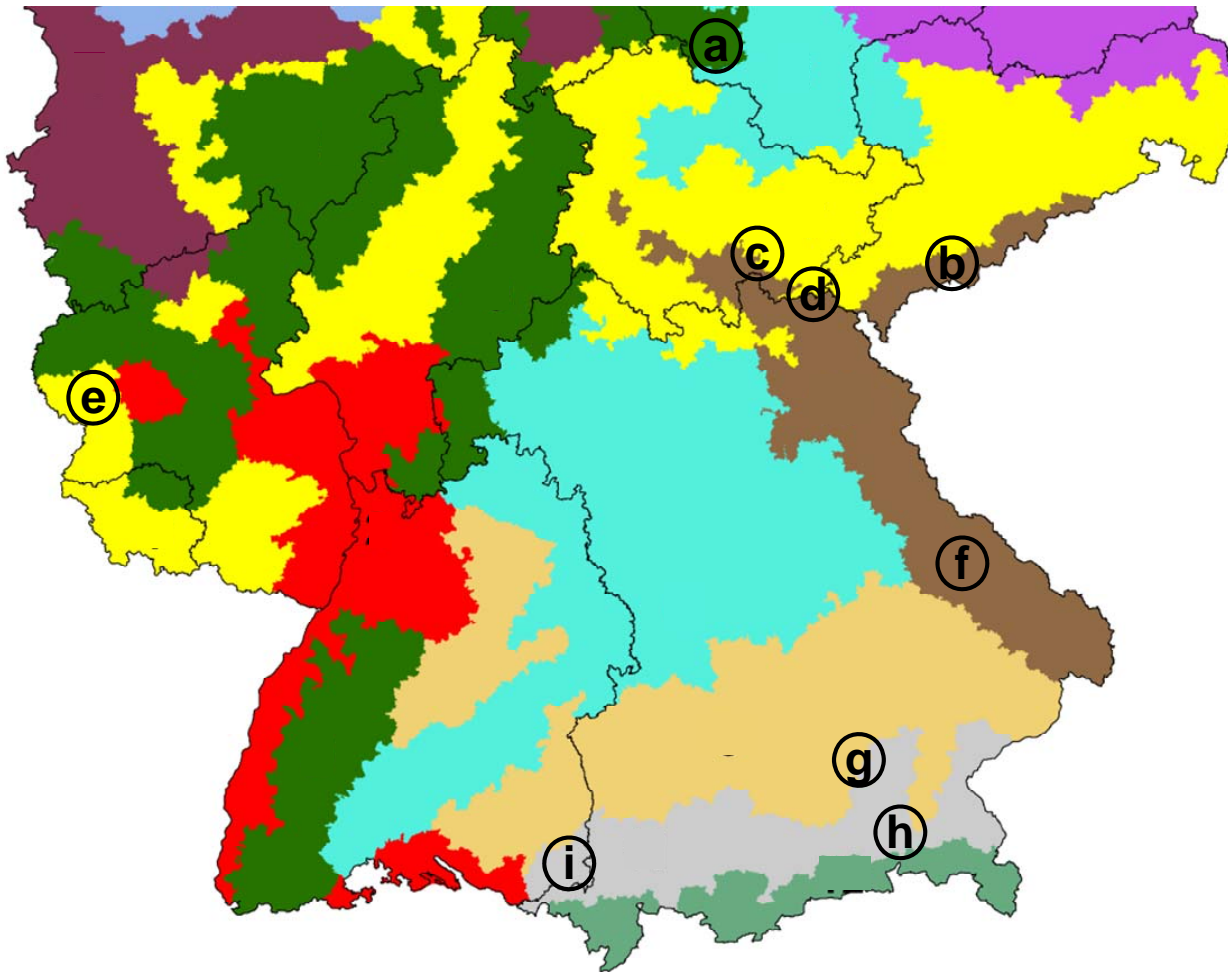
Bavaria, Saxonia, Thuringia, Baden-Württemberg,  
[Saxony-Anhalt, Hesse, parts of  
North Rhine-Westphalia]

Version: August 2008

Folgende Grünlandanbaubereiche könnten in dieser Karte nicht dargestellt werden:  
- Niederungsstandorte NO-Deutschland; überwiegend Moore (BKR 103)  
- Moore NW-Deutschland (BKR 150)  
- regionale sommertrockene Grünlandstandorte

# Crop specific implementation for Grassland

"producing areas" and sites of "middle-south"  
for perennial ryegrass



## Versuchsorte

**a** Hayn  
(Sachsen-Anhalt)

**b** Forchheim  
(Sachsen)

**c** Burkersdorf  
(Thüringen)

**d** Oberweißbach  
(Thüringen)

**e** Kyllburgweiler  
(Rheinland-Pfalz)

**f** Steinach  
(Bayern)

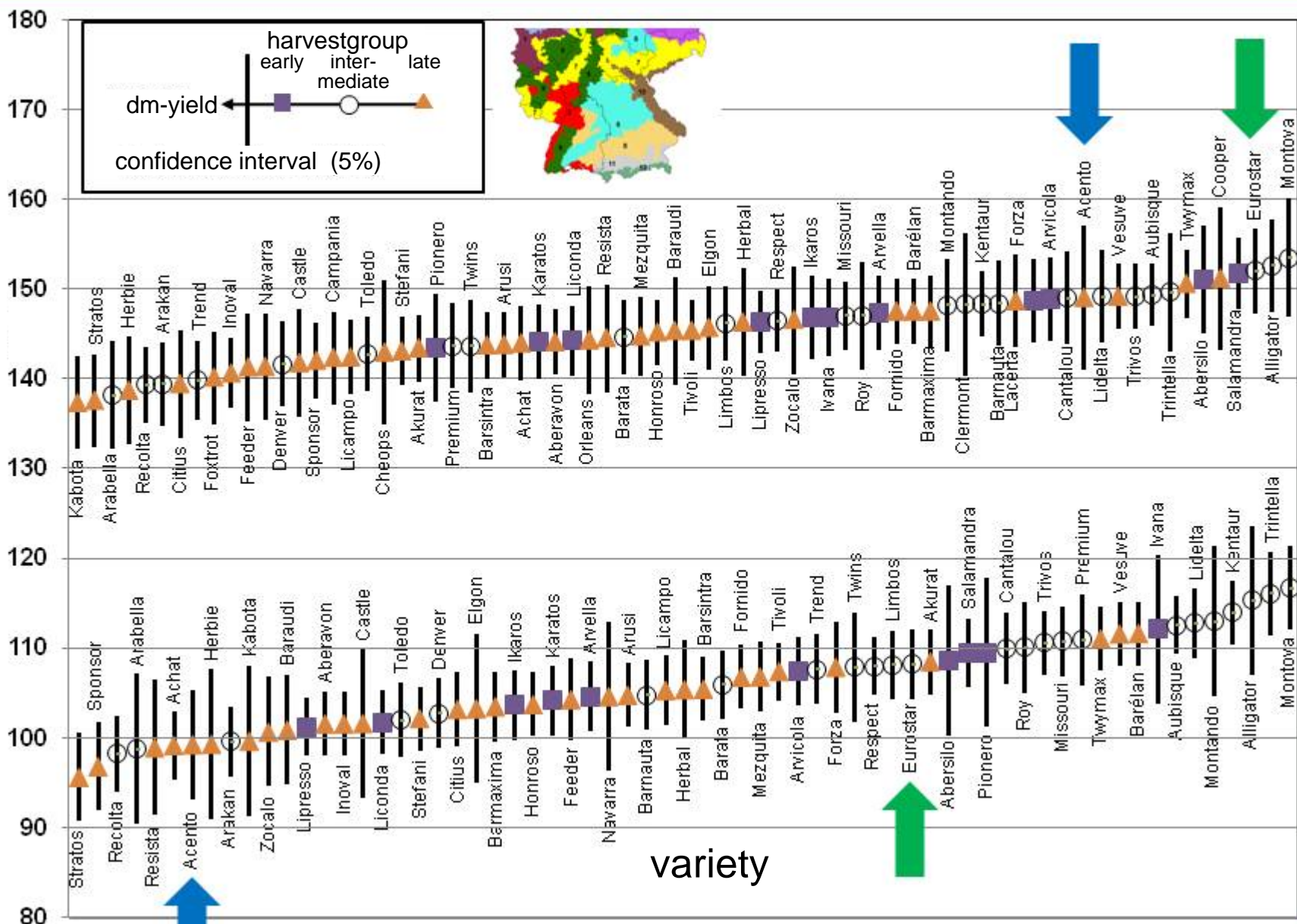
**g** Osterseeon  
(Bayern)

**h** Fussen  
(Bayern)

**i** Kißlegg  
(Baden-Württemberg)

# new statistical analysis shows big regional differences in variety performance

drymatter-yield (2nd full harvest year)



AG 11: Prealpine region

AG 7: Uplands in the middle of germany

# new statistical methods: closing the gap between requirement and reality

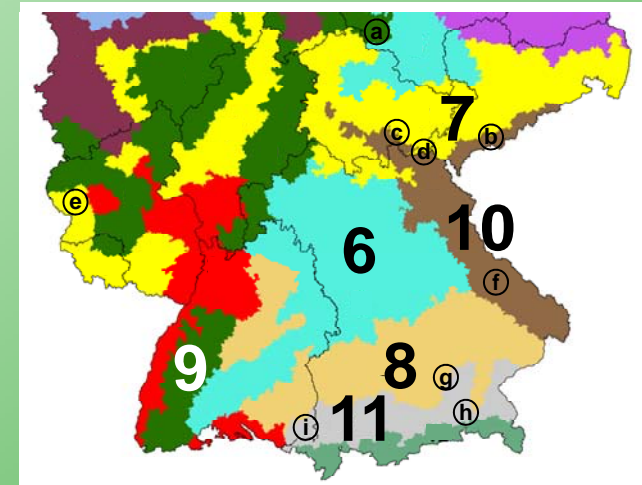
## correlation between production areas

production area	production area						
	6	7	8	9	10	11	
6		0,244	0,324	0,155	0,345	0,287	
7	0,244		0,529	0,253	0,562	0,468	
8	0,324	0,529		0,336	0,746	0,620	
9	0,155	0,253	0,336		0,357	0,297	
10	0,345	0,562	0,746	0,357		0,660	
11	0,287	0,468	0,620	0,297	0,660		

sites: 1 3 2

main production area	supplemental production area						
	6	7	8	9	10	11	
6		X	X				
7	X		X	X			
8					X	X	
9		X			X		
10		X	X			X	
11			X		X		

equivalents: 1 2,238 1,240 = 4,478



- 6 Sites with drought in summer
- 7 Uplands in the middle of g.
- 8 Uplands in southern of g.
- 9 Mountain region of west g.
- 10 Mountain region of east g.
- 11 Prealpine region



# new statistical methods: closing the gap between requirement and reality

	(equivalent) sites per production area	
production area	until 2006	„Hohenheim-Güzlöwer Serienauswertung“
<b>6</b> Sites with drought in summer	1	1,56
<b>7</b> Uplands in the middle of germany	1	2,03 (1 site cancelled in target area)
<b>8</b> Uplands in southern of germany	1	4,48
<b>9</b> Mountain region of west germany	1	2,32
<b>10</b> Mountain region of east germany	3	5,63
<b>11</b> Prealpine region	2	4,60

# But always keep in mind: dry-matter yield is only one part of recommendation

## yield

- ⇒ WP 6 middle – south <sup>1)</sup>
- ⇒ LSV 10 middle – south <sup>2)</sup>

## persistence

- ⇒ SFG/WP 3 middle – south <sup>1)</sup>
- ⇒ SV 5 Bavaria <sup>2)</sup>

## variety profiles

increasingly different  
**permanent** ⇔ **forage**  
**grassland**

## resistance

- ⇒ WP specific trials <sup>1)</sup> 4 BRD
- ⇒ + alle resistance data  
from WP, LSV und SV

## quality

- ⇒ up to now special trials
- ⇒ in near future NIRS

- 1) „major“ species sown every year; „minor“ every third year  
2) „major“ species sown in even years; „minor“ every third year

# Thank you for your kind attention!

**The Core Team “Middle - South”:**

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**Saxonia**

⇒ Riehl, G., Steffen, E.

**Thuringia**

⇒ Hegner, H., Hochberg, H.

**Data also from: Hesse, North Rhine-Westphalia,  
Rhineland-Palatinate and Saxony-Anhalt**